



AIR FORCE CONUS ORGANIZATIONS

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Headquarters USAF

HQ USAF. AF/A2 and AF/A3/5 are the focal points for coordinating the Air Force's CONUS-based targeting and assessment reachback support.

Air Force Network Operations and Security Center (AFNOSC). The AFNOSC provides the commander of Air Force network operations the means to ensure the security, integrity, and timely delivery of ISR information transiting the Air Force enterprise network. The AFNOSC directs activities of the regional NOSCs and wing-level network control centers to ensure integrity of the Air Force segment of the Global Information Grid. Health of the network directly impacts targeting capability.

The Air Force ISR Agency (AFISRA).¹ Provides multisource ISR products, applications, capabilities and resources, to include cyber and geospatial forces and expertise. Additionally, it is the Service Cryptologic Component responsible to the National Security Agency and Central Security Service for Air Force matters involving the conduct of cryptologic activities, including the full spectrum of missions directly related to both tactical warfighting and national-level operations. The 480th ISR Wing operates and maintains the DCGS Weapons System including the five active DGS sites around the world. This includes the DGS Analysis and Reporting Teams (DARTs) at each DGS that provide DGS-based analytic support to the ISRDs and JIOCs.

The 70 ISRW conducts worldwide, real-time cryptologic and geospatial-intelligence missions for ongoing air, space and [cyberspace operations](#). This includes the AF National-Tactical Integration mission that leverages the national intelligence community's global enterprise to provide actionable intelligence to the ISRDs.

National Air and Space Intelligence Center (NASIC) is the sole national center for integrated intelligence analysis on air, space, and cyber systems, forces, and threats. It assesses current and projected foreign air, space, and cyberspace capabilities and intentions; produces scientific and technical intelligence (S&TI) reports that can be utilized to augment targeting and mission planning; and evaluates evolving technologies

¹ AFISRA changed to 25 AF; <http://www.25af.af.mil/library/factsheets/factsheet.asp?id=21937> . This will be updated in the next revision to this annex.

of potential adversaries. Such technical information is useful in determining how to create specific effects on specific targets and target systems. In addition to expertise on worldwide air assets, NASIC provides expertise on adversarial air capabilities also has resident expertise on adversarial ballistic missiles (> 1000 km), space systems, and cyber operations.

Air Combat Command (ACC)

ACC Intelligence Directorate (ACC/A2) plays a large part in coordinating the Air Force's CONUS-based reachback support, as many organizations involved are subordinate to ACC.

The Air Force Targeting Center (AFTC)² is the Air Force center of excellence for targeting. The AFTC maintains a core capability for expert targeting reachback support for air expeditionary forces, MAJCOMs, Component NAFs, and combat wings. It enables the integration of capabilities across air, space, and cyberspace to deliver precise, coercive effects through, all source analysis, target analysis and production, GEOINT products, unit targeting support, and specialized targeting training. The AFTC leverages the Air National Guard (ANG) and Air Force Reserve Command (AFRC) to meet critical targeting and production requirements. AFTC's major targeting production activities include:

- ✦ Target System Analysis
- ✦ Electronic Target Folders
- ✦ Target Materials
- ✦ Precise Point Mensuration (PPM)
- ✦ Weaponeering
- ✦ Collateral Damage Estimations (CDE)
- ✦ CALCM/JASSM targeting
- ✦ BDA
- ✦ Geospatial Intelligence Support

Air National Guard (ANG) Targeting Production and Analysis Units

The Air Force has developed specific ANG units to provide the Air Force Targeting Center a surge-to-war target production capability accomplished through the use of imagery analyst, targetteering analyst, and intelligence applications. These ANG units also provide local, state, and federal authorities a domestic IAA damage assessment of critical infrastructure key resources during homeland defense and homeland security missions.

² AFTC has been redesignated and their mission realigned under 25 AF. This will be updated in the next revision to this annex.

Air Force Space Command

Air Force Space Command has deep expertise in space and cyberspace operations which can prove useful when analyzing and targeting enemy space and cyberspace capabilities. Targeteers at the 614th AOC and 624th Cyber Operation Center evaluate theater AODs and nominate space- and cyberspace-related targets to meet a theater commander's objectives.

Air Mobility Command (AMC)

AMC Intelligence (AMC/A2) maintains databases on airfields worldwide in the event AMC must utilize those bases. Such information may be useful when targeting enemy airfields.

Air Force Materiel Command

Air Force Life Cycle Management Center, Armament Directorate is responsible for the development, acquisition, testing, deployment, and sustainment of all non-nuclear air-delivered weapons. The information they provide may be beneficial during weaponeering and conducting munitions effectiveness assessments.
